

# ADM7154CP-3.3EVALZ/ADM7154RD-1.8EVALZ/ADM7155CP-02-EVALZ User Guide UG-696

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## **Evaluating the ADM7154 and ADM7155 Linear Regulators**

## **REGULATOR FEATURES**

Input voltage range: 2.3 V to 5.5 V Maximum output current: 600 mA

Low noise

0.9  $\mu$ V rms total integrated noise from 100 Hz to 100 kHz 1.6  $\mu$ V rms total integrated noise from 10 Hz to 100 kHz Initial accuracy:  $\pm$ 0.5%

Fixed 3.3 V (ADM7154) and adjustable (ADM7155) output versions

8-lead LFCSP and 8-lead SOIC packages

## **EVALUATION KIT CONTENTS**

ADM7154CP-3.3EVALZ, ADM7154RD-1.8EVALZ, or ADM7155CP-02-EVALZ evaluation board

### ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT NEEDED

DC power supply
Multimeters for voltage and current measurements
Electronic or resistive loads

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The ADM7154CP-3.3EVALZ, ADM7154RD-1.8-EVALZ, and ADM7155CP-02-EVALZ evaluation boards are used to demonstrate the functionality of the ADM7154 and ADM7155 linear regulators, respectively.

Simple device measurements, such as line and load regulation, dropout, and ground current, can be demonstrated with just a single voltage source, a voltmeter, an ammeter, and load resistors.

For more details about the linear regulators, refer to the ADM7154 and ADM7155 data sheets.

## **EVALUATION BOARDS**

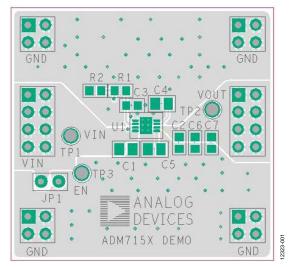


Figure 1. ADM7154CP-3.3EVALZ and ADM7155CP-02-EVALZ LFCSP Evaluation Board

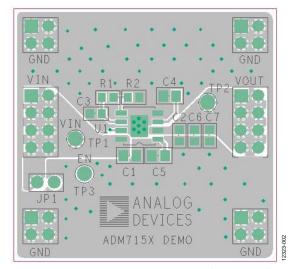


Figure 2. ADM7154RD-1.8EVALZ LFCSP Evaluation Board

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# ADM7154CP-3.3EVALZ/ADM7154RD-1.8EVALZ/ADM7155CP-02-EVALZ User Guide

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## **REVISION HISTORY**

10/14—Revision 0: Initial Version

# **EVALUATION BOARD HARDWARE EVALUATION BOARD CONFIGURATIONS**

The evaluation boards arrive supplied with different components depending on which version is ordered. Components common to both versions are C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, J1, and J2.

Resistors R1 and R2 are used for the ADM7155 adjustable output option. The output voltage ( $V_{\text{OUT}}$ ) is set by

 $V_{OUT} = 1.2 \text{ V} \times (1 + \text{R1/R2})$ 

**Table 1. Evaluation Board Hardware Components** 

Component	Function	Description
U1 <sup>1</sup>	Linear regulator	ADM7154ARDZ-1.8/ADM7154ACPZ-3.3/ADM7155ACPZ-02 linear regulator.
C1	Input capacitor	10 μF input bypass capacitor.
C2	Output capacitor	10 μF output capacitor. Required for stability and transient performance.
C3	V <sub>REF</sub> capacitor	1 μF V <sub>REF</sub> bypass capacitor.
C4	BYP capacitor	1 μF bypass capacitor.
C5	V <sub>REG</sub> capacitor	10 μF V <sub>REG</sub> bypass capacitor.
C6 and C7	Output capacitor	Optional output capacitors.
R1	Output divider	Sets output voltage with R2 in adjustable option. Short R1 for fixed output voltages.
R2	Output divider	Sets output voltage with R1 in adjustable option.
JP1	Jumper	Jumper. Connects EN to VIN for automatic startup.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Component varies depending on the evaluation board ordered.

## **OUTPUT VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS**

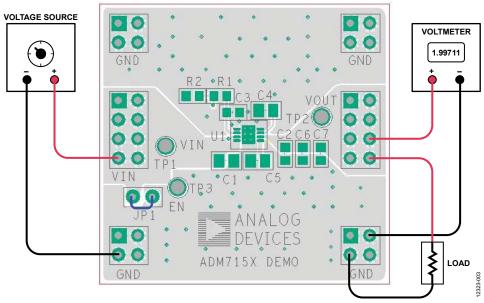


Figure 3. Output Voltage Measurement, LFCSP

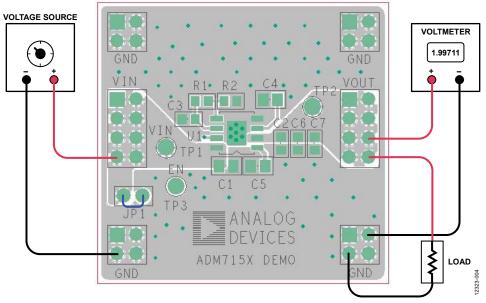


Figure 4. Output Voltage Measurement, SOIC

Figure 3 shows how the evaluation board can be connected to a voltage source and a voltmeter for basic output voltage accuracy measurements. A resistor can be used as the load for the regulator.

Ensure that the resistor has a power rating adequate to handle the power dissipation. Alternatively, an electronic load can also be used in place of a resistor. Ensure that the voltage source can supply enough current for the expected load levels.

Use the following steps to connect to a voltage source and voltmeter:

1. Connect the negative terminal (–) of the voltage source to one of the GND pads on the evaluation board.

- 2. Connect the positive terminal (+) of the voltage source to the VIN pad of the evaluation board.
- 3. Connect a load between the VOUT pad and one of the GND pads.
- 4. Connect the negative terminal (–) of the voltmeter to one of the GND pads.
- 5. Connect the positive terminal (+) of the voltmeter to the VOUT pad.

The voltage source can then be turned on. If JP1 is inserted, connecting EN to VIN for automatic startup, the regulator powers up.

If the load current is greater than about 200 mA, it is recommended that the user connect the voltmeter as close as possible to the output capacitor to reduce the effects of IR drops.

## **LINE REGULATION**

The output of the regulator is monitored and the input is varied for line regulation measurements. For good line regulation, the output must change as little as possible with varying input levels. To ensure that the device is not in dropout during this measurement,  $V_{\rm IN}$  must be varied between  $V_{\rm OUTNOM} + 0.5$  V (or 2.3 V, whichever is greater) and  $V_{\rm INMAX}$ . For example, for an ADM7154 with a fixed 3.3 V output,  $V_{\rm IN}$  must be varied between 3.8 V and 5.5 V. This measurement can be repeated under different load conditions. Figure 5 shows the typical line regulation performance of an ADM7154 with a fixed 3.3 V output.

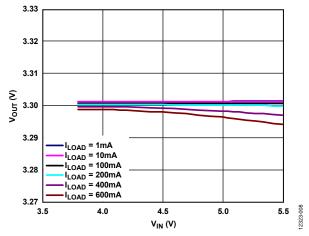


Figure 5. Output Voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ) vs. Input Voltage ( $V_{IN}$ )

## **LOAD REGULATION**

The output of the regulator is monitored and the load is varied for load regulation measurements. For good load regulation, the output must change as little as possible with varying loads. The input voltage must be held constant during this measurement. The load current can be varied from 0 mA to 600 mA. Figure 6 shows the typical load regulation performance of an ADM7154 with a fixed 3.3 V output for an input voltage of 3.8 V.

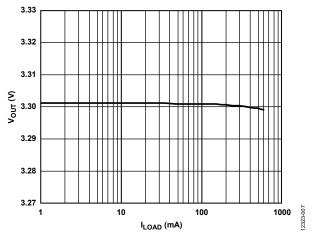


Figure 6. Output Voltage (Vout) vs. Load Current (ILOAD)

## **DROPOUT VOLTAGE**

Measure dropout voltage using the configuration shown in Figure 3 and Figure 4. Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output voltage differential when the input voltage is set to the nominal output voltage. This applies only for output voltages greater than 2.3 V. Dropout voltage increases with larger loads. For more accurate measurements, use a second voltmeter to monitor the input voltage across the input capacitor. The input supply voltage may need adjusting to account for IR drops, especially if large load currents are used. Figure 7 shows a typical curve of dropout voltage measurements vs. load current.

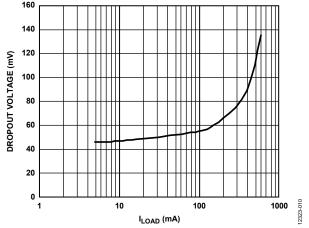


Figure 7. Dropout Voltage vs. Load Current (ILOAD)

## **GROUND CURRENT MEASUREMENTS**

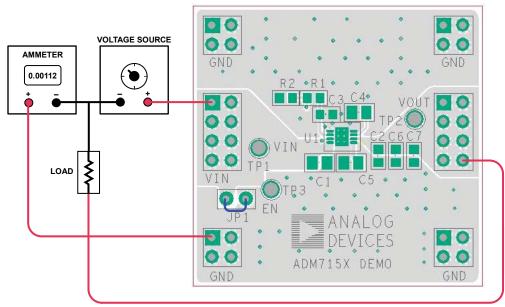


Figure 8. Ground Current Measurement, LFCSP

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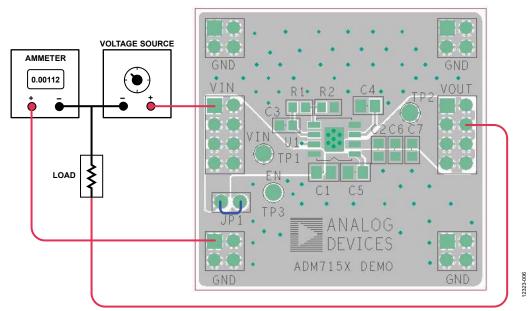


Figure 9. Ground Current Measurement, SOIC

Figure 8 and Figure 9 show how the evaluation board is connected to a voltage source and an ammeter for ground current measurements. A resistor can be used as the load for the regulator. Ensure that the resistor has a power rating adequate to handle the expected power dissipation. Alternatively, an electronic load can also be used in place of a resistor. Ensure that the voltage source used can supply enough current for the expected load levels.

Use the following steps to connect to a voltage source and ammeter:

- 1. Connect the positive terminal (+) of the voltage source to the VIN pad on the evaluation board.
- 2. Connect the positive terminal (+) of the ammeter to one of the GND pads of the evaluation board.
- 3. Connect the negative terminal (–) of the ammeter to the negative (–) terminal of the voltage source.
- 4. Connect a load between the negative (–) terminal of the voltage source and the VOUT pad of the evaluation board.

Then, the voltage source can be turned on. If JP1 is inserted, connecting EN to VIN for automatic startup, the regulator powers up.

#### **GROUND CURRENT CONSUMPTION**

Ground current measurements determine how much current the internal circuits of the regulator are consuming while the circuits perform the regulation function. To be efficient, the regulator needs to consume as little current as possible. Typically, the regulator uses the maximum current when supplying its largest load level (600 mA). Figure 10 shows the typical ground current consumption vs. load current at an input voltage of 3.8 V for an output voltage of 3.3 V.

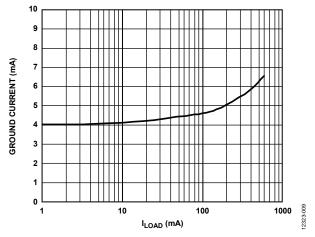


Figure 10. Ground Current vs. Load Current (ILOAD)

When the device is disabled (EN = GND), the ground current drops to less than 2  $\mu$ A.

# **SCHEMATIC**

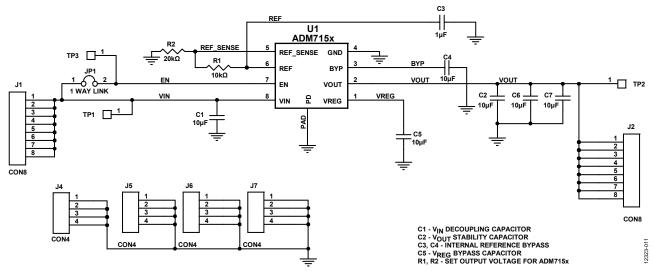


Figure 11. Evaluation Board Schematic

## **BILL OF MATERIALS**

Table 2.

Qty	Reference Designator	Description	Manufacturer	Part Number
1	U1	ADM7154ACPZ-1.8, ADM7154ACPZ-3.3, or ADM7155ACPZ-02	Analog Devices, Inc.	ADM7154ACPZ-1.8, ADM7154ACPZ-3.3, or ADM7155ACPZ-02
3	C1, C2, C5	Capacitor, MLCC, 10 μF, 25 V, 0805, X5R	Murata (or equivalent)	GRM216R61E106KA12
2	C3, C4	Capacitor, MLCC, 1 μF, 25 V, 0805, X5R	Murata (or equivalent)	GRM216R61E105KA12
1	JP1	Header, single, STR, 2 pins	Sullins Connector Solutions	PEC02SAAN
1	R1, R2	Resistor, 1%, 0603 case	Vishay Dale	CRCW0603xxxxF



#### ESD Caution

**ESD** (**electrostatic discharge**) **sensitive device**. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

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